**Annual Financial Statements** 

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

## **Oyster River Cooperative School District**

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the School Board Oyster River Cooperative School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oyster River Cooperative School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified audit opinion on the governmental activities, the major fund and aggregate remaining fund information.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oyster River Cooperative School District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Funding Progress, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Oyster River Cooperative School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information and Schedule of Nonmajor Funds appearing on page 45 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 21, 2015

Melanson Heath

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Oyster River Cooperative School District (the District), we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

#### A. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u>. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of our finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

<u>Fund financial statements</u>. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u>. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

<u>Notes to financial statements</u>. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other information</u>. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which is required to be disclosed by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### B. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the total of liabilities exceeded assets by \$(302,366) (i.e., net position), a change of \$1,897,612 in comparison to the prior year. The District's negative net position is a result of the implementation of net pension liability under GASB 68.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,276,001, a change of \$193,354 in comparison to the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$622,858, a change of \$362,964 in comparison to the prior year.
- Total long-term debt (i.e., bonds payable) at the close of the current fiscal year was \$8,965,000, a change of \$(1,135,000) in comparison to the prior year.

# C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following is a summary of condensed government-wide financial data for the current and prior fiscal years.

# **NET POSITION**

		Governmental Activities				
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		
Current assets	\$	3,364,423	\$	3,714,314		
Deferred outflows		2,126,769		-		
Capital assets	_	34,122,098	_	33,436,324		
Total assets		39,613,290		37,150,638		
Current liabilities		2,639,953		3,142,377		
Noncurrent liabilities		34,287,967		11,716,659		
Deferred inflows	_	2,987,736	_	25,415		
Total liabilities		39,915,656		14,884,451		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		24,566,496		22,826,897		
Restricted		125,916		98,345		
Unrestricted	_	(24,994,778)	_	(659,055)		
Total net position	\$_	(302,366)	\$_	22,266,187		

# **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

		Governme	Governmental Activities			
		<u>2015</u>		2014		
Revenues:						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	534,294	\$	474,954		
Operating grants and						
contributions		807,103		627,315		
General revenues and transfers:						
Property taxes		35,895,483		35,120,810		
Tuition		1,376,061		1,074,972		
Grants and contributions not						
restricted to specific programs		976,761		1,126,834		
Investment income		5,081		4,638		
Other		119,213		199,249		
Transfers, net	_	28,851	_	<u>-</u>		
Total revenues		39,742,847		38,628,772		
				(continued)	)	

(continued)

	Governmental Activities			
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Expenses:				
Instruction		23,488,210		23,735,624
Other School Services:				
Student		3,122,242		3,039,796
Instruction staff		1,029,930		981,088
General administration		1,163,806		1,184,958
School administration		1,596,167		1,484,128
Business		282,894		99,205
Operation and maintenance		3,391,842		3,534,035
Student transportation		1,857,105		1,905,802
Other		1,516,074		681,382
Interest expense	_	396,965	_	442,122
Total expenses	_	37,845,235	_	37,088,140
Change in net position		1,897,612		1,540,632
Net position - beginning of year, as				
restated	_	(2,199,978)	_	20,725,555
Net position - end of year	\$_	(302,366)	\$_	22,266,187

Covernmental Activities

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. At the close of the most recent fiscal year, total net position was \$(302,366), a change of \$1,897,612 from the prior year.

The largest portion of net position, \$24,566,496, reflects our investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, machinery, equipment and furnishings, and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of net position, \$125,916, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$(24,994,778) primarily resulting from the District's unfunded net pension liability (see footnotes 19 and 21).

<u>Governmental activities</u>. Governmental activities for the year resulted in a change in net position of \$1,897,612. Key elements of this change are as follows:

General fund operations, as discussed further		
in Section D	\$	165,783
Nonmajor fund activity		27,571
Principal debt service in excess of		
depreciation expense		65,933
Capital assets acquired, net of disposals		1,754,841
Other GAAP adjustments	,	(116,516)
Total	\$	1,897,612

#### D. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>. The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,276,001, a change of \$193,354 in comparison to the prior year. Key elements of this change are as follows:

General fund operations	\$	165,783
Nonmajor fund activity		27,571
Total	\$_	193,354

The general fund is the chief operating fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$622,858, while total fund balance was \$2,150,085. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Refer to the table below.

				% of
				Total General
General Fund	<u>6/30/15</u>	6/30/14	<u>Change</u>	Fund Expenditures
Unassigned fund balance	\$ 622,858	\$ 259,894	\$ 362,964	1.6%
Total fund balance	\$ 2,150,085	\$ 1,984,302	\$ 165,783	5.6%

The fund balance of the general fund changed by \$165,783 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this change are as follows:

Revenues in excess of budget	\$	354,753
Expenditures less than budget		739,428
Prior year encumbrances over current year		(855,733)
Use of fund balance as a funding source		(382,899)
Change in capital reserve fund		(55,871)
Other GAAP adjustments		366,105
Total	\$_	165,783

Included in the total general fund balance are the District's capital reserve accounts with the following balances:

		6/30/15		6/30/14	<u>Change</u>
Capital Reserve	\$_	712,163	\$_	768,034	\$ (55,871)
Total	\$_	712,163	\$_	768,034	\$ (55,871)

#### E. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There are no differences between the original budget and the final amended budget.

#### F. CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital assets</u>. Total investment in capital assets at year-end amounted to \$34,122,098 (net of accumulated depreciation), a change of \$685,774 from the prior year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery, equipment and furnishings, and books.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Purchase of:	
Moharimet School Expansion	\$ 772,488
School Buses	\$ 489,657
Mastway Generator	\$ 86,825
Middle School Boiler	\$ 77,078
Desktop Computers	\$ 55,987

Additional information on capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, total bonds payable outstanding was \$8,965,000, all of which was backed by the full faith and credit of the District.

Additional information on long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

# **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Oyster River Cooperative School District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Office of Business Manager

Oyster River Cooperative School District

36 Coe Drive

Durham, New Hampshire 03824

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### JUNE 30, 2015

	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS Current: Cash and short-term investments Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles: Departmental and other Intergovernmental Other assets Noncurrent:	\$	2,319,073 27,935 968,052 49,363
Capital assets:  Land and construction in progress  Other assets, net of accumulated depreciation		142,869 33,979,229
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,126,769
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		39,613,290
LIABILITIES		
Current: Accounts payable		150,467
Accrued liabilities		360,642
Other current liabilities		685,510
Current portion of long-term liabilities:		4 425 000
Bonds payable Other liabilities		1,135,000 308,334
Noncurrent:		000,004
Bonds payable, net of current portion		7,830,000
Other post-employment benefits		1,590,879
Net pension liability Other liabilities, net of current portion		23,112,397 1,754,691
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,987,736
	_	2,907,730
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		39,915,656
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		24,566,496
Restricted for: Grants and other statutory restrictions Permanent funds:		35,111
Expendable		90,805
Unrestricted		(24,994,778)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(302,366)

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		_	Program			•	penses) Revenues anges in Net Position
	<u>Expenses</u>	C	Charges for Services	(	Operating Grants and contributions		Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 23,488,210	\$	-	\$	706,004	\$	(22,782,206)
Other school services:							
Student	3,122,242		529,684		-		(2,592,558)
Instructional staff	1,029,930		-		98,690		(931,240)
General administration	1,163,806		-		-		(1,163,806)
School administration	1,596,167		-		-		(1,596,167)
Business	282,894		-		-		(282,894)
Operation and maintenance	3,391,842		-		-		(3,391,842)
Student transportation	1,857,105		4,610		-		(1,852,495)
Other	1,516,074		-		2,409		(1,513,665)
Interest expense	396,965	_	-				(396,965)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 37,845,235	\$_	534,294	\$	807,103		(36,503,838)
		G	eneral Reve	enue	s and Transfers	s:	
			operty taxes	6			35,895,483
		Tu	ition				1,376,061
		_			utions not restric	ted	
			o specific pı				976,761
			estment inc	ome			5,081
			her				119,213
		Tra	ansfers, net			,	28,851
		To	otal general	rev	enues and trans	sfers	38,401,450
		Ch	nange in Net	Pos	ition		1,897,612
			et Position:		as restated		(2.400.070)
		Re	ginning of y	ear,	as restated		(2,199,978)
		En	d of year			\$	(302,366)

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

## **BALANCE SHEET**

JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS		General	G	Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>	(	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and short-term investments Receivables:	\$	2,257,653	\$	61,420	\$	2,319,073
Departmental and other Intergovernmental		15,436 712,163		12,499 255,889		27,935 968,052
Due from other funds		154,986		200,009		154,986
Other assets		49,363		-		49,363
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,189,601	\$	329,808	\$	3,519,409
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	132,047	\$	18,420	\$	150,467
Accrued liabilities		221,959		-		221,959
Due to other funds		-		154,986		154,986
Other liabilities		685,510			-	685,510
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,039,516		173,406		1,212,922
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		30,486		30,486
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		49,363		-		49,363
Restricted		-		125,916		125,916
Committed Assigned		1,412,163 65,701		-		1,412,163 65,701
Unassigned		622,858		- -		622,858
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	•	2,150,085	•	125,916	_	2,276,001
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			•		_	
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3,189,601	\$	329,808	\$	3,519,409

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2015

Total governmental fund balances	\$	2,276,001
<ul> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.</li> </ul>		34,122,098
<ul> <li>In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in governmental funds interest is not reported until due.</li> </ul>		(138,683)
<ul> <li>Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, OPEB, and net pension liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.</li> </ul>	_	(36,561,782)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(302,366)

# OYSTER RIVER COOPERATIVE SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		<u>General</u>	C	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues: Property taxes Tuition Intergovernmental Medicaid Charges for service Investment income Other	\$	35,895,483 1,376,061 658,822 318,848 4,610 5,046 282,429	\$	- 806,194 - 529,684 35 126,061	\$ 35,895,483 1,376,061 1,465,016 318,848 534,294 5,081 408,490
Total Revenues		38,541,299		1,461,974	40,003,273
Expenditures: Current:					
Instruction Other school services:		22,244,451		671,626	22,916,077
Student		3,123,206		-	3,123,206
Instructional staff		975,143		48,620	1,023,763
General administration		1,164,720		-	1,164,720
School administration		1,590,271		-	1,590,271
Business		184,645		121,689	306,334
Operation and maintenance		3,776,021		640,958	4,416,979
Student transportation Other		2,258,192		-	2,258,192
Debt service		1,491,190 1,548,038		_	1,491,190 1,548,038
	-		•		
Total Expenditures	-	38,355,877		1,482,893	39,838,770
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		185,422		(20,919)	164,503
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in		-		48,490	48,490
Transfers out	-	(19,639)			(19,639)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(19,639)	•	48,490	28,851
Change in fund balance		165,783		27,571	193,354
Fund Equity, at Beginning of Year	-	1,984,302		98,345	2,082,647
Fund Equity, at End of Year	\$	2,150,085	\$	125,916	\$ 2,276,001

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net changes in fund balances - total government funds	\$	193,354
<ul> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:</li> </ul>		
Capital outlay purchases, net of disposals		1,754,841
Depreciation		(1,069,067)
<ul> <li>The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position:</li> </ul>		
Capital lease additions		(243,864)
Repayments of debt		1,297,689
<ul> <li>In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in governmental funds interest is not reported until due.</li> </ul>		16,073
<ul> <li>Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.</li> </ul>		(51,414)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,897,612
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#### GENERAL FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES, AND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual Amounts (Budgetary <u>Basis)</u>		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues and other sources:							
Property taxes	\$	35,895,483	\$	35,895,483	\$ 35,895,483	\$	-
Tuition		1,183,683		1,183,683	1,376,061		192,378
Intergovernmental		661,887		661,887	658,822		(3,065)
Medicaid		200,000		200,000	318,848		118,848
Charges for services		23,000		23,000	4,610		(18,390)
Investment income		4,500		4,500	4,122		(378)
Other revenues		30,000		30,000	38,565		8,565
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		-		-	56,795		56,795
Use of fund balance	_	382,899	_	382,899	382,899	_	-
Total Revenues		38,381,452		38,381,452	38,736,205		354,753
Expenditures and other uses:							
Current:							
Instruction		22,557,497		22,557,497	22,528,223		29,274
Other school services:							
Student		3,235,653		3,235,653	3,122,123		113,530
Instructional staff		921,770		921,770	981,331		(59,561)
General administration		1,137,299		1,137,299	1,164,720		(27,421)
School administration		1,618,973		1,618,973	1,590,271		28,702
Business		577,848		577,848	184,645		393,203
Operation and maintenance		3,625,098		3,625,098	3,507,538		117,560
Student transportation		2,129,645		2,129,645	2,014,328		115,317
Other		934,630		934,630	981,167		(46,537)
Debt service		1,548,039		1,548,039	1,548,039		-
Other financing uses:							
Transfers out	_	95,000	_	95,000	19,639	_	75,361
Total Expenditures	_	38,381,452	-	38,381,452	37,642,024	_	739,428
Excess of revenues and other sources							
over expenditures and other uses	\$_	-	\$_		\$ 1,094,181	\$_	1,094,181

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2015

	Private	
	Purpose Trust <u>Funds</u>	Agency <u>Funds</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and short-term investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$ - 148,673_	\$ 153,768 
Total Assets	148,673	153,768
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Accounts payable	-	12,299
Other liabilities	<del>-</del>	141,469
Total Liabilities	<del>-</del>	153,768
NET POSITION		
Total net position held in trust	\$ <u>148,673</u>	\$

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Private Purpose <u>Trust Funds</u>
Additions:	
Investment income Contributions	\$ 191 
Total additions	10,285
Deductions:	
Other	11,650
Transfers out	28,851
Total deductions	40,501
Net increase (decrease)	(30,216)
Net position:	
Beginning of year	178,889
End of year	\$ <u>148,673</u>

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Oyster River Cooperative School District (the District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a municipal corporation governed by an elected School Board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the District and applicable component units for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. In fiscal year 2015, it was determined that no entities met the required GASB 14 (as amended) criteria of component units.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting</u>, <u>and Financial Statement</u> Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current* financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

• The *General fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in the permanent fund, under which principal and investment income exclusively benefit private organizations or other non-capital reserve District trust funds.

The *agency fund* is used to account for money held by the District on behalf of others (e.g., student activity funds).

#### D. Cash and Short-Term Investments

Cash balances from all funds, except those required to be segregated by law, are combined to form a consolidation of cash. Cash balances are invested to the extent available, and interest earnings are recognized in the General Fund. Certain special revenue and fiduciary funds segregate cash, and investment earnings become a part of those funds.

Deposits with financial institutions consist primarily of demand deposits, certificates of deposits, and savings accounts. A cash and investment pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reflected on the combined financial statements under the caption "cash and short-term investments". The interest earnings attributable to each fund type are included under investment income.

#### E. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due from/to other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans).

#### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20
Vehicles	5
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

#### G. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vested sick and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### H. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position.

#### I. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

<u>Fund Balance</u> - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities/deferred inflows. The District reserves those portions of fund balance that are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available, spendable resources and therefore, are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unassigned fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation in future periods.

The District's fund balance classification policies and procedures are as follows:

- Nonspendable funds are either unspendable in the current form (i.e., inventory or prepaid items) or can never be spent (i.e., perpetual care).
- 2) Restricted funds are used solely for the purpose in which the fund was established. In the case of special revenue funds, these funds are created by statute or otherwise have external constraints on how the funds can be expended.
- Committed funds are reported and expended as a result of motions passed by the highest decision making authority in the government (i.e., the School Board).
- 4) <u>Assigned funds</u> are used for specific purposes as established by management. These funds, which include encumbrances, have been assigned for specific goods and services ordered but not yet

paid for. This account also includes fund balance voted to be used in the subsequent fiscal year.

5) Unassigned funds are available to be spent in future periods.

When an expenditure is incurred that would qualify for payment from multiple fund balance types, the District uses the following order to liquidate liabilities: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

<u>Net Position</u> - Net position represents the difference between assets/ deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The remaining net position is reported as unrestricted.

#### J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures for contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenditures/expenses during the fiscal year. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

# 2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

#### A. Budgetary Information

At its annual meeting, the District adopts a budget for the next fiscal year. Management may transfer appropriations between operating categories as they deem necessary, but expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations in total. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered. In the case of emergency expenditures, over expenditures are allowed under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Law (RSA Chapter 32) if prior approval is secured from the State Department of Education. State statutes require balanced budgets, but provide for the use of beginning unassigned fund balance to achieve that end.

At year end, appropriation balances lapse, except for certain unexpended capital items and encumbrances which will be honored during the subsequent year.

#### B. Budgetary Basis

The General Fund final appropriation appearing on the "Budget and Actual" page of the fund financial statements represents the final amended budget after all reserve fund transfers and supplemental appropriations.

#### C. <u>Budget/GAAP Reconciliation</u>

The budgetary data for the general fund is based upon accounting principles that differ from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Therefore, in addition to the GAAP basis financial statements, the results of operations of the general fund are presented in accordance with budgetary accounting principles to provide a meaningful comparison to budgetary data.

The following is a summary of adjustments made to the actual revenues and other sources, and expenditures and other uses, to conform to the budgetary basis of accounting.

General Fund	<u>Fir</u>	Revenues and Other ancing Sources		Expenditures and Other inancing Uses
Revenues/Expenditures (GAAP basis)	\$	38,541,299	\$	38,355,877
Other financing sources/uses (GAAP basis)	_		_	19,639
Subtotal (GAAP Basis)		38,541,299		38,375,516
Reverse beginning of year appropriation carryforwards from expenditures		-		(921,434)
Add end-of-year appropriation carryforwards from expenditures		-		65,701
Other GAAP adjustments		(300,659)		65,446
To eliminate capital reserve activity		112,666		56,795
Recognize use of fund balance as funding source	_	382,899	_	
Budgetary basis	\$_	38,736,205	\$_	37,642,024

## 3. Cash and Short-Term Investments

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Pursuant to NH Statute, "the treasurer shall insure that prior to acceptance of any moneys for deposit or investment, including repurchase agreements, the federally insured bank shall make available at the time of such deposit or investment an option to have such funds secured by collateral having a value at least equal to the amount of such funds. Such collateral shall be segregated for the exclusive benefit of the District." The District does have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2015, none of the District's bank balance of \$3,522,273 was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured or uncollateralized. The underlying securities of the District's deposit in repurchase agreements of \$3,367,331 are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District.

#### 4. <u>Departmental Receivables</u>

Departmental receivables consist of reimbursements requested from various local agencies for expenditures incurred in fiscal 2015.

#### 5. <u>Intergovernmental Receivables</u>

This balance represents capital reserve funds held by the Town's Trustees of the Trust funds, as well as amounts requested from Federal and State agencies for expenditures incurred in fiscal 2015.

#### 6. Interfund Fund Receivables/Payables

Although self-balancing funds are maintained, most transactions flow through the general fund. In order to obtain accountability for each fund, interfund receivable and payable accounts must be utilized. The following is an analysis of the June 30, 2015 balances in interfund receivable and payable accounts:

		Due From		Due To
<u>Fund</u>	<u>C</u>	ther Funds	<u>Oth</u>	ner Funds
General Fund	\$	154,986	\$	-
Special Revenue Funds	_		_	154,986
Total	\$_	154,986	\$_	154,986

# 7. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

		Beginning <u>Balance</u>		<u>Increases</u>		<u>Decreases</u>		Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment, and furnishings	\$	41,211,887 3,094,362	\$	909,567 1,108,928	\$	- (435,311)	\$_	42,121,454 3,767,979
Total capital assets, being depreciated		44,306,249		2,018,495		(435,311)		45,889,433
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment, and furnishings	_	(9,615,538) (1,615,497)	-	(790,153) (278,914)	•	- 389,898	_	(10,405,691) (1,504,513)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(11,231,035)	-	(1,069,067)		389,898	_	(11,910,204)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		33,075,214		949,428		(45,413)		33,979,229
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	_	142,869 218,241	-	- -	•	- (218,241)	_	142,869
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	361,110	_	-		(218,241)	_	142,869
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	33,436,324	\$	949,428	\$	(263,654)	\$_	34,122,098

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
Instruction	\$	854,311
Support services:		
School administration		5,278
Operation and maintenance		67,387
Student transportation	_	142,091
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	1,069,067

# 8. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of net assets by the District that is applicable to future reporting periods. Deferred outflows of resources have a positive effect on net position, similar to assets.

The following is a summary of deferred outflow of resources balances as of June 30, 2015:

	En	tity-wide Basis
		Governmental
		<u>Activities</u>
Changes in proportion and differences between pension contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$	29,930
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	2,096,839
Total	\$_	2,126,769

# 9. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities represent 2015 expenditures paid after June 30, 2015.

## 10. Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities primarily represent 2015 medical and dental payables paid after June 30, 2015.

# 11. Capital Lease Obligations

The District is the lessee of certain equipment under capital and operating leases expiring in various years through fiscal year 2020. Future minimum lease payments under the capital and operating leases consisted of the following as of June 30, 2015:

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Capital <u>Leases</u>
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 174,789 125,759 125,759 125,759 74,693
Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing interest	626,759 (36,157)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 590,602

# 12. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

#### A. General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

				Amount
	Serial		(	Outstanding
	Maturities	Interest		as of
Governmental Activities:	<u>Through</u>	Rate(s) %		<u>6/30/15</u>
High School Additions and Renovations	11/01/21	3.10-4.70%	\$	805,000
High School Addition	08/15/22	3.50-4.70%	_	8,160,000
Total Governmental Activities:			\$_	8,965,000

#### B. Future Debt Service

The annual payments to retire all general obligation long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

<u>Governmental</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2016	\$	1,135,000	\$	367,436	\$	1,502,436
2017		1,135,000		321,691		1,456,691
2018		1,135,000		274,783		1,409,783
2019		1,135,000		226,229		1,361,229
2020		1,135,000		187,379		1,322,379
2021 - 2023	_	3,290,000	_	213,180	_	3,503,180
Total	\$	8,965,000	\$_	1,590,698	\$	10,555,698

The general fund has been designated as the sole source to repay the governmental-type general obligation long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2015.

#### C. Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

		Total Balance <u>7/1/14</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>Additions</u>		Reductions Reductions		Total Balance 6/30/15		Less Current <u>Portion</u>		Equals Long-Term Portion 6/30/15
Governmental Activities												
Bonds payable	\$	10,100,000	\$	-	\$	(1,135,000)	\$	8,965,000	\$	(1,135,000)	\$	7,830,000
OPEB liability		1,141,153		449,726		-		1,590,879		-		1,590,879
Net pension liability		26,463,774		-		(3,351,377)		23,112,397		-		23,112,397
Other:												
Lease payable		509,427		243,864		(162,689)		590,602		(161,092)		429,510
Compensated absences	_	1,347,448	_	124,975	_		_	1,472,423	_	(147,242)	_	1,325,181
Totals	\$_	39,561,802	\$_	818,565	\$_	(4,649,066)	\$_	35,731,301	\$	(1,443,334)	\$_	34,287,967

#### 13. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are the acquisition of net assets by the District that are applicable to future reporting periods. Deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities.

The following is a summary of deferred inflow of resources balances as of June 30, 2015:

	En	tity-wide Basis_	Fund Basis			
		Governmental Activities		nmental Funds <u>Nonmajor</u>		
Unavailable revenues  Net difference between projected and	\$	30,486	\$	30,486		
actual pension investment earnings	_	2,957,250				
Total	\$	2,987,736	\$	30,486		

# 14. Restricted Net Position

The accompanying entity-wide financial statements report restricted net position when external constraints from grantors or contributors are placed on net position.

Permanent fund restricted net position is segregated between nonexpendable and expendable. The nonexpendable portion represents the original restricted principal contribution, and the expendable represents accumulated earnings which are available to be spent based on donor restrictions.

## 15. Governmental Funds - Balances

Fund balances are segregated to account for resources that are either not available for expenditure in the future or are legally set aside for a specific future use.

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54 (GASB 54), *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying existing governmental fund type definitions.

The following types of fund balances are reported at June 30, 2015:

Nonspendable - Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This fund balance classification includes general fund reserves for prepaid expenditures and nonmajor governmental fund reserves for the principal portion of permanent trust funds.

Restricted - Represents amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. This fund balance classification includes general fund encumbrances funded by bond issuances, various special revenue funds, and the income portion of permanent trust funds.

<u>Committed</u> - Represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This fund balance classification includes general fund encumbrances for non-lapsing, special article appropriations approved by the School Board, capital reserve funds set aside by School Board vote for future capital acquisitions and improvements (now reported as part of the general fund per GASB 54), and various special revenue funds.

<u>Assigned</u> - Represents amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to use these resources for a specific purpose. This fund balance classification includes general fund encumbrances that have been established by various District departments for the expenditure of current year budgetary financial resources upon vendor performance in the subsequent budgetary period.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Represents amounts that are available to be spent in future periods.

Following is a breakdown of the District's fund balances at June 30, 2015:

	General <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Nonspendable Prepaid expenditures	49,363	\$	\$ 49,363
Total Nonexpendable	49,363	-	49,363
Restricted Special revenue funds Expendable permanent funds	- -	35,111 90,805	35,111 90,805
Total Restricted	-	125,916	125,916
Committed Capital reserve funds Reserved for expenditures	712,163 700,000	- 	712,163 700,000
Total Committed	1,412,163	-	1,412,163
Assigned Encumbrances	65,701		65,701
Total Assigned	65,701	-	65,701
Unassigned Unassigned	622,858	<u> </u>	622,858
Total Unassigned	622,858	<u> </u>	622,858
Total Fund Balance	2,150,085	\$ <u>125,916</u>	\$ 2,276,001

# 16. General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned general fund balance reported on the balance sheet is stated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), which differs in respect to how unassigned fund balance is reported in accordance with the budgetary basis for reporting for the State of New Hampshire for tax rate setting purposes. The major difference is the State of New Hampshire considers revenues in connection with property tax receivables to be available to liquidate liabilities when billed rather than received.

The following summarizes the specific differences between GAAP basis and budgetary basis of reporting the general fund unassigned fund balance:

GAAP basis balance	\$	622,858
Other GAAP entries	_	222,080
Tax Rate Setting Balance	\$	844,938

## 17. Commitments and Contingencies

<u>Outstanding Legal Issues</u> - There are several pending legal issues in which the District is involved. The District's management is of the opinion that the potential future settlement of such claims would not materially affect its financial statements taken as a whole.

<u>Grants</u> - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

# 18. Post-Employment Healthcare and Life Insurance Benefits

#### **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

GASB Statement 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires governments to account for other post-employment benefits (OPEB), primarily healthcare, on an accrual basis rather than on a pay-as-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially required contribution as an expense on the Statement of Activities when future retirees earn their post-employment benefits, rather than when they use their post-employment benefits. To the extent that an entity does not fund its actuarially required contribution, a post-employment benefit liability is recognized on the Statement of Net Position over time.

#### A. Plan Description

The District provides its eligible retirees, including in some cases their beneficiaries (as governed by RSA 100-A:50), the ability to purchase health and prescription insurance at the District's group rates. Although the District does not supplement the cost of these plans, GASB Statement 45 requires the District to recognize the liability for the inclusion of any implicit rate subsidies afforded its retirees. This subsidy is generated as a result of the basic nature of insurance - one risk group subsidizes another to arrive at a blended premium, therefore current employees who are young and healthy subsidized the older retirees. As of June 30, 2015, there were 14 retiree subscribers, including eligible spouses and dependents, and 357 active employees meet the eligibility requirements. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

#### B. Benefits Provided

The District provides medical, prescription drug, and mental health/ substance abuse insurance to retirees and their covered dependents. All active employees who retire from the District and meet the eligibility criteria are eligible to receive these benefits.

#### C. Funding Policy

The District offers benefits that require the retiree to pay 100% of the cost of premiums. The funding policy used by the District is based on the payas-you-go methodology.

#### D. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's fiscal 2015 annual OPEB expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost per year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period of thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year ending June 30, 2015, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the change in the District's net OPEB obligation based on an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014.

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 553,463
Interest on net OPEB obligation	45,646
Adjustment to ARC	(64,711)
Annual OPEB cost	534,398
Contributions made	(84,672)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	449,726
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	1,141,153
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 1,590,879

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

	Annual	Percentage of	
	OPEB	OPEB	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
2015	\$ 534,398	15.8%	\$ 1,590,879
2014	\$ 367,268	50.5%	\$ 1,141,153
2013	\$ 367,268	50.5%	\$ 959,494
2012	\$ 367,268	50.8%	\$ 77,835

The District's net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2015 is recorded as a component of the "other long-term liabilities" line item.

#### E. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2014, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	4,669,827 -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	4,669,827
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	_	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	21,450,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		21.77%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amount and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the District and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the District and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial value of assets was not determined, as the District has not advance funded its obligation. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00% investment rate of return and an initial annual healthcare cost trend rate of 0.92%, which increases to 9.00% in the second year and then reduces by 1.00% decrements to 5.00% after five

years. The amortization costs for the initial UAAL is a level percentage of payroll for a period of 29 years, on a closed basis. This has been calculated assuming the amortization payment increases at a rate of 3%.

#### 19. Retirement System

The District follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27,* with respect to the State of New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS).

#### A. Plan Description

Full-time employees participate in the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS), a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit contributory pension plan and trust established in 1967 by RSA 100-A:2 and qualified as a tax-exempt organization under Sections 401(a) and 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan is a contributory, defined benefit plan providing service, disability, death, and vested retirement benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Substantially all full-time state employees, public school teachers and administrators, permanent firefighters, and permanent police officers within the State of New Hampshire are eligible and required to participate in the system. Full-time employees of political subdivisions, including counties, municipalities, and school districts, are also eligible to participate as a group if the governing body of the political subdivision has elected participation.

The New Hampshire Retirement System, a Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), is divided into two membership groups. State or local employees and teachers belong to *Group I*. Police officers and firefighters belong to *Group II*. All assets are held in a single trust and are available to each group. Additional information is disclosed in the NHRS annual report publicly available from the New Hampshire Retirement System located at 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301-8507.

#### B. Benefits Provided

Group I members at age 60 or 65 (for members who commence service after July 1, 2011) qualify for a normal service retirement allowance based on years of creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when their service commenced. The yearly pension amount is 1/60 or 1.667% of average final compensation (AFC), multiplied by years of creditable service. At age 65, the yearly pension amount is recalculated at 1/66 or 1.515% of AFC multiplied by years of creditable service.

Members of Group I may qualify for vested deferred allowances, disability allowances and death benefit allowances subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC or earned compensation and/or service.

#### C. Contributions

Plan members are required to contribute a percentage of their gross earnings to the pension plan, for which the contribution rates are 7% for employees and teachers, 11.55% for police and 11.80% for fire. The District makes annual contributions to the pension plan equal to the amount required by Revised Statutes Annotated 100-A:16, and range from 10.77% to 27.74% of covered compensation. The District's contributions to NHRS for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$2,096,839, which was equal to its annual required contribution.

#### D. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the NHRS and additions to/deductions from NHRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NHRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# E. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of</u> Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the District reported a liability of \$23,112,397 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2013, the District's proportion was .61489543 percent.

At the most recent measurement date of June 30, 2014, the District's proportion was .61574181 percent, which was an increase of .00084638 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,573,552. In addition, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

-	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	2,957,250	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		29,930		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	2,096,839	-	-	
Total	\$	2,126,769	\$	2,957,250	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ended	June	30:
------	-------	------	-----

2016		\$ 1,364,022
2017		(732,817)
2018		(732,817)
2019		(732,817)
2020		3,948
	Total	\$ (830,481)

<u>Actuarial assumptions:</u> The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent per year
Salary increases	3.75 - 5.8 percent average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 mortality table, projected to 2020 with Scale AA. The table includes a margin of 15% for men and 17% for woman for mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Weighted Average Average Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Equities Small/Mid Cap Equities	22.50 % 	3.25% 3.25%
Total domestic equities	30.00	
Int'l Equities (unhedged) Emerging Int'l Equities Total international equities	13.00 7.00 20.00	4.25% 6.50%
Core Bonds High-Yield Bonds Global Bonds (unhedged) Emerging Market Debt (external) Total fixed income	18.00 1.50 5.00 0.50 25.00	-0.47% 1.50% -1.75% 2.00%
Private equity Private debt Real estate Opportunistic	5.00 5.00 10.00 5.00	5.75% 5.00% 3.25% 2.50%
Total alternative investments	25.00	
Total	<u>100.00</u> %	

<u>Discount Rate:</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribu-

tion rates and the member rate. For purposes of the projection, member contributions and employer service cost contributions are projected based on the expected payroll of current members only. Employer contributions are determined based on the pension plan's actuarial funding policy and as required by RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.75%) or one percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

			Current		
		1% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase
Fiscal Year Ended	_	(6.75%)	 (7.75%)	_	(8.75%)
June 30, 2014	\$	30,442,787	\$ 23,112,397	\$	16,928,115

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position:</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NHRS financial report.

# 20. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and have been no material settlements in excess of coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# 21. <u>Beginning Net Position Restatement</u>

The beginning (July 1, 2014) net position of the District has been restated as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

	G	Sovernmental <u>Activities</u>
As previously reported Implementation of GASB 68	\$_	22,266,187 (24,466,165)
As restated	\$_	(2,199,978)

# OYSTER RIVER COOPERATIVE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

## **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Val As	uarial ue of sets (a)	Actuari Accrue Liabilit (AAL) Entry A( (b)	ed y -	Unfundo AAL (UAAL <u>(b-a)</u>		Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL a Perc age Cove Payi [(b-a	cent- of ered roll
7/1/2010	\$	-	\$ 3,266,7	783	\$ 3,266,7	783	0.0%	\$ 18,448,591	17.7	1%
7/1/2011	\$	-	\$ 3,426,4	456	\$ 3,426,4	<b>456</b>	0.0%	\$ 18,448,591	18.5	7%
7/1/2014	\$	-	\$ 4,669,8	327	\$ 4,669,8	327	0.0%	\$ 21,450,000	21.7	7%

See Independent Auditors' Report.

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

New Hampshire Retirement System:	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability for the most recent measurement date	0.61574181%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability for the most recent measurement date	\$ 23,112,397
Covered-employee payroll for the most recent measurement date	\$ 17,189,314
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	134.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.32%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

See Independent Auditor's Report.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

New Hampshire Retirement System:		<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution for the current fiscal year	\$	2,096,839
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	(2,096,839)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	17,929,809
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		11.69%

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

See Independent Auditor's Report.

# OYSTER RIVER COOPERATIVE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF NONMAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Special Revenue Funds:	Fund Balance, <u>Beginning</u>			Revenue, Net of Deferred <u>Portion</u>		<u>Expenditures</u>		Transfers In/(Out)		Fund Balance, <u>Ending</u>	
Federal:											
Title I (13-14)	\$	-	\$	850	\$	850	\$	-	\$	-	
Title I (14-15)		-		123,653		123,653		-		-	
Title II (13-14)		-		54,986		54,986		-		-	
Title II (14-15)		-		74,059		74,059		-		-	
IDEA-B (14-15)	_	-	•	436,571		436,571	_		_	-	
Total Federal		-		690,119		690,119		-		-	
State: Other Grants	_	36,426		140,996		142,311	_		_	35,111	
Total State		36,426		140,996		142,311		-		35,111	
School Lunch	_			630,824	•	650,463	_	19,639	_		
Total Special Revenue Funds		36,426		1,461,939		1,482,893		19,639		35,111	
Permanent Trust:											
Playing Field Construction		61,919	•	35		-	_	28,851	_	90,805	
Total Permanent Trust		61,919	_	35				28,851	_	90,805	
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$	98,345	\$	1,461,974	\$	1,482,893	\$	48,490	\$	125,916	

See Independent Auditors' report.